$a^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2}$ for right triangles
Lesson 16: Converse of the Pythagorean Theorem
If $a^{2}+b^{2}$ does not equal $c^{2}$, the triangle is not right.
Classwork
Proof of the Converse of the Pythagorean Theorem

$$
\begin{aligned}
& c^{2}<a^{2}+b^{2}: \text { Acute } \\
& c^{2}>a^{2}+b^{2}: \text { Obtuse }
\end{aligned}
$$



Exercises 1-7

1. Is the triangle with leg lengths of 3 mi . and 8 mi . and hypotenuse of length $\sqrt{73} \mathrm{mi}$. a right triangle? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence.

$$
\begin{aligned}
a^{2}+b^{2} & \stackrel{?}{=} c^{2}
\end{aligned} \quad \text { yes, this is } 0 \text { a right triangle. } \begin{aligned}
3^{2}+8^{2} \stackrel{?}{=}(-\sqrt{13})^{2} & \text { a } \\
9+64 & =73 \\
73 & =73
\end{aligned}
$$

2. What is the length of the unknown side of the right triangle shown below? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence. Provide an exact answer and an approximate answer rounded to the tenths place.


$$
\begin{aligned}
a^{2}+b^{2} & =c^{2} \\
4^{2}+1^{2} & =c^{2} \\
16+1 & =c^{2} \\
17 & =c^{2} \\
\sqrt{17} & =c
\end{aligned}
$$

3. What is the length of the unknown side of the right triangle shown below? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence. Provide an exact answer and an approximate answer rounded to the tenths place.

4. Is the triangle with leg lengths of 9 in. and 9 in. and hypotenuse of length $\sqrt{175}$ in. a right triangle? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& a^{2}+b^{2} \stackrel{?}{=} c^{2} \\
& a^{2}+9^{2} \stackrel{?}{=}(\sqrt{175})^{2} \\
& 81+81=175 \\
& 162 \neq 175
\end{aligned}
$$

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5. Is the triangle with leg lengths of $\sqrt{28} \mathrm{~cm}$ and 6 cm and hypotenuse of length 8 cm a right triangle? show your work, and answer in a complete sentence:

$$
\begin{aligned}
a^{2}+b^{2} & \stackrel{?}{=} c^{2} \\
6^{2}+(\sqrt{28})^{2} & \stackrel{?}{=} 8^{2} \\
36+28 & \stackrel{?}{=} 64 \\
64 & =64
\end{aligned}
$$

yes, this is
a right triangle
6. What is the length of the unknown side of the right triangle shown below? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence.

7. The triangle shown below is an isosceles right triangle. Determine the length of the legs of the triangle. Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence.


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Lesson Summary
The converse of the Pythagorean theorem states that if a triangle with side lengths a,b, and c satisfles
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The converse can be proven using concepts related to congruence.
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Problem Set

1. What is the length of the unknown side of the right triangle shown below? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence. Provide an exact answer and an approximate answer rounded to the tenths place.

2. What is the length of the unknown side of the right triangle shown below? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence. Provide an exact answer and an approximate answer rounded to the tenths place.

3. Is the triangle with leg lengths of $\sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}$ and 9 cm and hypotenuss \&f length $\sqrt{84} \mathrm{~cm}$ a right triangle? Show your $\begin{array}{ll}\text { work, and answer in a complete sentence. } & a^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2} \\ & (\sqrt{3})^{2}+9^{2}=(\sqrt{84})^{2}\end{array}$

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$\begin{array}{rlrl}\text { work, and answer in a complete sentence. } & 3+81 & =84 \\ (\sqrt{7})^{2}+5^{2} \stackrel{?}{=}(-\sqrt{48})^{2} & 84 & =84\end{array}$
$7+25=48$

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Lesson 16: Corverse of the Prthogeresen Theorem
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5. What is the length of the unknown side of the right triangle shown below? Show your work, and answer in complete sentence. Provide an exact answer and an approximate answer rounded to the tenths place.

6. Is the triangle with leg lengths of 3 and 6 and hypotenuse of length $\sqrt{45}$ a right triangle? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence.
7. What is the length of the unknown side of the right triangle shown below? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence. Provide an exact answer and an approximate answer rounded to the tenths place.

8. Is the triangle with leg lengths of 1 and $\sqrt{3}$ and hypotenuse of length 2 a right triangle? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence.
9. Corey found the hypotenuse of a right triangle with leg lengths of 2 and 3 to be $\sqrt{13}$. Corey claims that since $\sqrt{13}=3.61$ when estimating to two decimal digits, that a triangle with leg lengths of 2 and 3 and a hypotenuse of 3.61 is a right triangle. Is he correct? Explain.
10. Explain a proof of the Pythagorean theorem.
11. Explain a proof of the converse of the Pythagorean theorem.

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