NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM

Lesson 2 8•7

# Lesson 2: Square Roots : F16

#### Classwork

### Exercises 1-4

1. Determine the positive square root of 81, if it exists. Explain.

The square not of 81 is 9, because 
$$9^2 = 81$$

$$-81 = 9$$

2. Determine the positive square root of 225, if it exists. Explain.

The square root of 
$$225$$
 is  $15$ , because  $15^2 = 225$   
3. Determine the positive square root of  $-36$  if it exists. Explain.

The number - 36 does not have a square root, because there is no number squared that can produce a negative 4. Determine the positive square root of 49, if it exists. Explain.

The square root of 49 is 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{49}} = 7$$

#### Discussion

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## Exercises 5-9

Determine the positive square root of the number given. If the number is not a perfect square, determine which whole number the square root would be closest to, and then use guess and check to give an approximate answer to one or two decimal places.

- √49 = 7
- 6. √62 = Between 7 and 8 ((loser to 8) ≈ 7.87 because 72=49 and 82=64
- 7. VIZZ = Close to 11 > 11.05
- 8. √400 = 20
- 9. Which of the numbers in Exercises 5-8 are not perfect squares? Explain.

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Lesson Summary

A positive number whose square is equal to a positive number b is denoted by the symbol  $\sqrt{b}$ . The symbol  $\sqrt{b}$ automatically denotes a positive number. For example,  $\sqrt{4}$  is always 2, not -2. The number  $\sqrt{b}$  is called a positive square root of b.

The square root of a perfect square of a whole number is that whole number. However, there are many whole numbers that are not perfect squares.

## Problem Set

Determine the positive square root of the number given. If the number is not a perfect square, determine the integer to which the square root would be closest.

- √169
- √256
- √81
- √147
- √8
- 6. Which of the numbers in Problems 1-5 are not perfect squares? Explain.
- 7. Place the following list of numbers in their approximate locations on a number line.

$$\sqrt{32}$$
,  $\sqrt{12}$ ,  $\sqrt{27}$ ,  $\sqrt{18}$ ,  $\sqrt{23}$ , and  $\sqrt{50}$ 



8. Between which two integers will  $\sqrt{45}$  be located? Explain how you know.

EUREKA MATH

Square Roots

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