

SEPTEMBER 2015

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
13	14 Power to a Power W.S	15	16	17	18	19

Integer
Exponents
WS

All
Exp
Rule
Revi

Lesson 3: Numbers in Exponential Form Raised to a Power

Classwork

For any number x and any positive integers m and n ,

because

$$(x^m)^n = x^{mn}$$

$$(x^m)^n = \underbrace{x \cdot x \cdots x}_m \cdot \underbrace{x \cdots x}_n$$

$$= \underbrace{x \cdot x \cdots x}_m \cdot \underbrace{x \cdots x}_n$$

$$= x^{mn}$$

a power raised
to another power
means we multiply
the powers

$$(x^2)^4 = x^2 \cdot x^2 \cdot x^2 \cdot x^2 = x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x = x^8$$

Exercise 1

$$(15^3)^9 = 15^{27}$$

Exercise 3

$$(3 \cdot 4^{12})^5 = 3 \cdot 4^{60}$$

Exercise 2

$$((-2)^3)^8 = (-2)^{24}$$

Exercise 4

Let s be a number.

$$(s^{12})^5 = s^{60}$$

Exercise 5

Sarah wrote $(3^5)^7 = 3^{12}$. Correct her mistake. Write an exponential expression using a base of 3 and exponents of 5, 7, and 12 that would make her answer correct.

$$(3^5)^7 = 3^{35}$$

$$3^5 \cdot 3^7 = 3^{12}$$

Exercise 6

A number y satisfies $y^{24} - 256 = 0$. What equation does the number $x = y^4$ satisfy?

$$y^{24} = 256$$

$$y = \sqrt[24]{256}$$

For any numbers x and y , and positive integer n ,

$$(xy)^n = x^n y^n$$

because

$$\begin{aligned} xy^n &= \underbrace{xy \cdots xy}_{n \text{ times}} \\ &= \underbrace{x \cdot x \cdots x}_{n \text{ times}} \cdot \underbrace{y \cdot y \cdots y}_{n \text{ times}} \\ &= x^n y^n. \end{aligned}$$

$$(x^2 y)^3 = x^2 y \cdot x^2 y \cdot x^2 y = x \cdot x \cdot y \cdot x \cdot x \cdot y \cdot x \cdot x \cdot y = x^6 y^3$$

Exercise 7

$$(11 \times 4)^9 = 11^9 \cdot 4^9$$

Exercise 10

Let x be a number.

$$(5x)^7 = (5 \cdot x)^7 = 5^7 x^7$$

Exercise 8

$$(3^2 \times 7^4)^5 = 3^{10} \cdot 7^{20}$$

Exercise 11

Let x and y be numbers.

$$(5xy^3)^7 = 5^7 x^7 y^{21}$$

Exercise 9

Let a , b , and c be numbers.

$$(3^2 a^4)^5 = 3^{10} \cdot a^{20}$$

Exercise 12

Let a , b , and c be numbers.

$$(a^2 bc^3)^4 = a^8 b^4 c^{12}$$

Exercise 13

Let x and y be numbers, $y \neq 0$, and let n be a positive integer. How is $\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^n$ related to x^n and y^n ?

$$\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^n = \frac{x^n}{y^n}$$

$$(2x^3)^3 = 2^3 \cdot x^9$$

$$= 8x^9$$

$$(3y^{10})^2 = 3^2 y^{20}$$

$$= 9y^{20}$$

$$\left(\begin{matrix} x & y & z \end{matrix} \right)^5 = x^5 y^{10} z^5$$

$$x^2 (2x^3)^4 =$$

$$x^2 \cdot 2^4 \cdot x^{12}$$

$$2^4 \cdot \underline{x^2 \cdot x^{12}} = 16x^{14}$$

$$(2ab^2)^3 \cdot (3a^4b)^2$$

$$\underline{2^3 a^3 b^6} \cdot \underline{3^2 a^8 b^2}$$

$$8 \cdot 9 \cdot a^8 b^8$$

$$72a^8b^8$$

$$\left(\frac{5x^2y^5}{10x^3y^2} \right)^2 = \frac{5^2x^4y^{10}}{10^2x^6y^4}$$

$$= \frac{25y^6}{100x^2} = \frac{y^6}{4x^2}$$

Problem Set

1. Show (prove) in detail why $2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7^4 = 2^1 3^1 7^4$.
2. Show (prove) in detail why $xyz^4 = x^1 y^1 z^4$ for any numbers x, y, z .
3. Show (prove) in detail why $xyz^n = x^n y^n z^n$ for any numbers x, y, z and for any positive integer n .